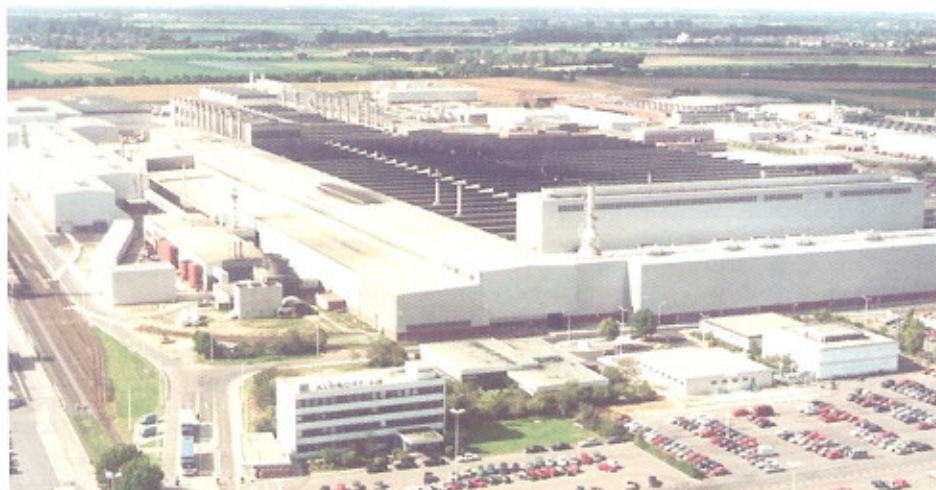


Casthouse Practice

Alunorf benefit from adoption of Batchpilot system

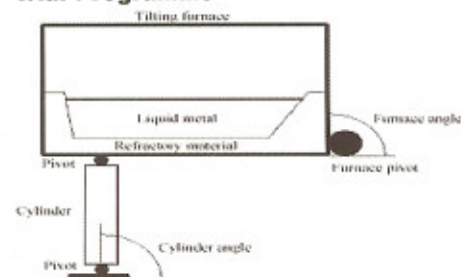
Christof Buening and Philip Meslage of Aluminium Norf GmbH and Richard Courtenay and Michael Bryant of MQP Limited describe the advantages which have been gained by Aluminium Norf GmbH in the use of the Batchpilot system to measure furnace heel and transferred weight to an accuracy of +/- 200 kg.



1 Aluminium Norf GmbH plant at Neuss, Germany

Aluminium Norf GmbH, or as it is usually known, Alunorf, was founded in 1965. The company underwent a major extension in 1992, and is now jointly owned by Novelis Deutschland GmbH and Hydro Aluminium Deutschland GmbH. Alunorf, which is located on a 575,000 sq m site in Neuss in Germany, Fig 1, has over 2,000 employees, and a remelt capacity of over 900,000 tonnes per year. The section has 13 casting pits, each with a melting and holding furnace, allowing slabs up to 8.7 m long and 2.2 m wide to be cast. The main alloys produced are AA 3004 and A 5182 for can stock.

Trial Programme



2 Operating principle of the Batchpilot system

Within the melting department, Alunorf wished to optimise the number and sizes of slabs being produced per cast as a means of increasing production capacity. A comprehensive programme of work was therefore instigated aimed at examining the potential for using the Batchpilot system as a means of achieving better control of metal transfer weight and metal weight in the furnace.

Overview of Batchpilot Technology

The Batchpilot system is a newly-developed casthouse technology for measuring furnace heel and transferred weight with an accuracy of +/- 200 kg. The

system operates on the principle of measuring changes in the hydraulic pressure in the furnace main cylinder with the furnace tilt angle (Fig.2) Batchpilot has the facility to detect build up of dross on the furnace lining and to compensate for this in determining an accurate heel weight. In casthouses with a plc-controlled process system, Batchpilot can be readily integrated into the existing control system. (Fig. 3)

Alunorth remelt and mill

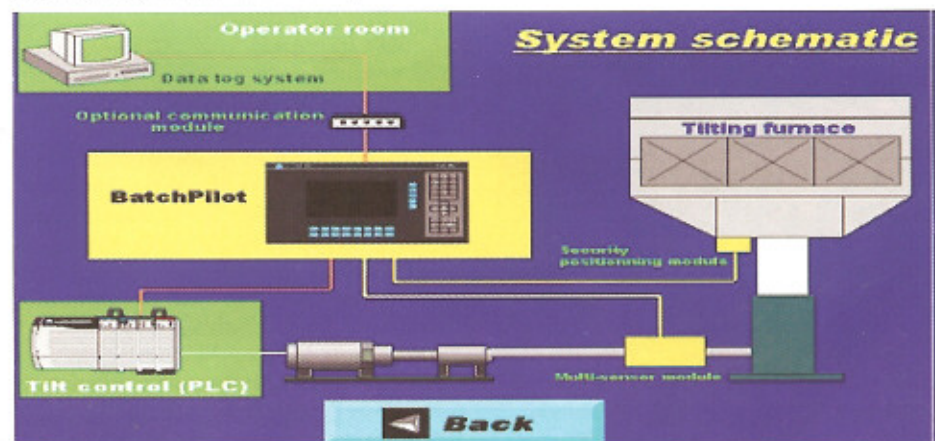
In the remelt department, aluminium scrap from all over the world is melted, together with Alunorf process scrap. The top piece weight is in the region of 30 tonnes. In the associated ingot processing area, the sheet ingots are sawn at both ends, and then the sides are scalped ready for the rolling process.

In the hot mill area, the sheet ingots are preheated prior to rolling and subsequently homogenised. Alunorf operates two hot mills, each approximately 400 m long. Several rolling passes reduce 600 mm ingots to between 2.8 and 9 mm. The finished hot-rolled strip is edge-trimmed and wound into coils. Most coils subsequently require from one to six cold rolling passes to reduce the strip gauge to between 4.5 and 0.18 mm. The cold mill area houses five cold mills for this purpose. The cold-rolled coils are finally finished, according to the desired specifications. Approximately 80% of the products are slit to the required size, or rewound on the customers' spools. The finishing department is equipped with eight slitter units.

Apart from materials for cans, the end products include strip for all kinds of packaging, automotive application, shipbuilding sheet, architectural gauges, and lithographic sheet.

Furnace No.	SGA06	SGA06	SGA06
Charge No.	112714	112750	112674
1.Heel measurement	16.0 tonne	0.5 tonne	2.7 tonne
2.Heel measurement	16.2 tonne	0.8 tonne	2.7 tonne
3. Heel measurement	16.3 tonne	1.1 tonne	2.8 tonne
4. Heel measurement	16.5 tonne	1.2 tonne	3.0 tonne
5. Heel measurement	16.5 tonne	1.2 tonne	3.2 tonne
	Delta G = 0.5 tonne	Delta G = 0.7 tonne	Delta G = 0.5 tonne

Table 1: Heel weight measurements with Batchpilot in First Phase work



3 Schematic showing Batchpilot integrated into a casthouse process system